



EQ077C

Knowledge areas

Math & Science Fundamentals

Key Experiments

The touch of each of us Water is necessary for the germination of seeds Force, mechanical deformation, plastic deformation and elastic deformation Sunrise and sunset in the North Pole Sunrise and sunset in Fort Yukon - Alaska - USA, Arctic Circle Sunrise and sunset in Havana, Cuba Sunrise and sunset in Macapá - Amapá, Brazil Sunrise and sunset in Ubatuba - São Paulo, Brazil Sunrise and sunset in Porto Alegre - Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil Sunrise and sunset at Amundsen Scott Station - Antarctic Circle Sunrise and sunset in your city The construction of a sundial The phases of the Moon The operation and use of the compass Identifying objects by the sound The shape of objects The vertical position of objects

The arrangement of objects on flat surfaces The solids, liquids and gaseous bodies The energy of moving air The horizontal surface of still water Melting of ice, fusion may be faster or slower (do it on a sunny day) Condensation of water Bass and treble Separating objects with the use of a magnet The light, the transparent, translucent and opague means Producing oxygen by a chemical reaction The decantation and filtration, two steps for the purification of water The experiment of the Magdeburg hemispheres and atmospheric pressure Inflating a balloon, reducing the external pressure The leveling of liquid surfaces in open communicating vessels The thermoscope and thermometric scales Vision defects, correction of hyperopia and myopia with lenses Electrification by friction, the principle of conservation of charge, law of charges Influence of the minimum launch time in a looping The frictional forces and Newton's first law of motion The equilibrium of a moving object on an inclined plane Archimedes' principle Fusion, the change from solid to liquid state Dilation, the increase in the volume of water when freezing The general properties of matter The specific properties of matter The moving water and some consequences Some transformations of energy: the candle produces light and heat when burning Noting the compressibility and the elasticity of air Inertia, one of the general properties of matter - Newton's first law Pascal's law, the hydraulic lift Difference between heat and temperature The physical states of water Boiling and condensation of water The principles of geometrical optics The composition of colors in a Newton Disk Electrical conductors and electrical insulators The links in series, in opposition and in parallel between cells The mapping of the magnetic field of a magnet, magnetism Permanent magnets, temporary magnets and the electromagnet The operation of a hydroelectric plant and the blackout Pulse, frequency and wavelength of a spring Producing and identifying the waves on a long spring The standing wave in a long spring Sound, a longitudinal mechanical wave The Doppler effect, with tuning fork The power of a generator Some measuring instruments - How do you compare volume measurement scales? Part I of II Condensation, the change from gaseous to liquid state The determination of the density of a liquid by an aerometer How do you perform the separation of heterogeneous mixtures by simple filtration? Part I of V How to separate heterogeneous mixtures through magnetic separation. Part II of V

How to separate homogenous mixtures using paper chromatography. Part I of II How do you list the properties of substances by electrical conductivity? How to identify homogenous and heterogeneous systems Classification of inorganic reactions – How does the reaction of hydrogen displacement (simple exchange) occur? Part III of IV Classification of inorganic reactions - How does the formation of precipitates (double exchange) occur? Part IV of IV Inorganic chemical functions - How do acids and bases behave in relation to different indicators? Part I of II Inorganic chemical functions - How to obtain an acid oxide. Part II of III Inorganic chemical functions - How to obtain a basic oxide. Part III of III Chemical kinetics - Catalyst Construction of three-dimensional organic structures. Organic functions - Alcohol - Water absorption How do you classify the invertebrates? Are all circulatory systems equal? How do you use the biological microscope? Becoming familiar with a biological microscope Are we all equal? How are chromosomes divided? What is the probability? E rule and OU rule in genetics. Am I color-blind? How does natural selection occur?

How is a gene selected in a population?

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